

**ENGLISH TITLE OF MANUSCRIPT** (*Arial, center, 11pt bold, italic, no more than 20 words*)

**First Author<sup>1\*</sup>, Second Author<sup>2</sup>, and Third Author<sup>2</sup>** (*Arial, center, 11pt, bold*)

<sup>1</sup>Department of Animal Production, Polytechnic Of Agriculture and Animal Husbandry  
MAPENA, Tuban, 62361

<sup>2</sup>Department of Agribusiness, Polytechnic Of Agriculture and Animal Husbandry MAPENA,  
Tuban, 62361

---

\* Korespondensi (*corresponding author*):  
Telp. +62 838 6515 3030  
E-mail: [teguhdwiputra@mapena.ac.id](mailto:teguhdwiputra@mapena.ac.id)

**ABSTRACT (Arial, 11pt, 2 spasi, italic)**

**Abstract.** Abstract must be prepared on the separate page with the title page and the word **ABSTRACT** must be typed with capital-bold-italic style in separate line with the body-text of abstract. The abstract consists of no more than 300 words in one paragraph beginning with a clear statement of the research objective. The abstract contains a brief but understandable summary of the pertinent results, including materials and methods, results with statistical evidences and discussion, and conclusion with no references cited.

(Key words: Chicken egg, Investment analysis, Small-scale entrepreneurs)

## **Introduction (Arial, 11pt, 2 spasi)**

The introduction start on the next page after the abstract. It must contain a brief justification for conducting the research, the hypothesis to be tested and the objectives of the research. The introduction also contains references that support the research. However, extensive discussion of relevant literature should be included in results and discussion section, not in introduction section.

## **Materials and Methods (Arial, 11pt, 2 spasi)**

This section must contain a clear description or specific original reference for all biological, analytical, and statistical procedures. All modification of the procedures must be explained clearly, so that the methods can be done by other scientist. Diets, animals (breed, sex, age, body weight), surgical techniques (if available), data measurements and statistical models should be described clearly. Information regarding the brand names, company names (manufacturer) and locations for all equipment and chemical (commercial products) used in the research, must be provided.

## **Results and Discussion (Arial, 11pt, 2 spasi)**

The results are presented in the form of tables, figures, graphs or photos. The data should be prepared so that the data in tables or figures can be understood without referring to information on the body text of discussion. Discussion contains the authors' interpretation of the results of the study and integrate the research findings with the previously published literature to provide the readers a broad base interpretation and assertions. The discussion should be written clearly and concisely.

## **Conclusion (Arial, 11pt, 2 spasi)**

Conclusion highlights the substantiation of the results of the research with no discussion. It must be written shortly and concisely.

## **Acknowledgement (Arial, 11pt, 2 spasi)**

This may give an appreciation to institution or respons who help in research and report writing. This part may also describe the source of research fund use in the research.

## **References (Arial, 11pt, 2 spasi)**

Anonymous. 2003. Acetaldehyde chemical backgrounder. <http://www.nsc.org./library.htm>.

Accessed 23 january 2020 **(Electronic publication /Internet citation)**

AOAC. 1990. Officials Methods of Analysis. 15<sup>th</sup> edn. Association of Official Analytical Chemist, Arlington. **(Standard Books)**

Dijcker, J. C., E. A. Hagen-Plantinga, H. Everts, Y. Queau, V. Biourge, and W. H. Hendriks. 2014. Factors contributing to the variation in feline urinary oxalate excretion rate. J. Anim. Sci. 92: 1029-1036. **(Journal articles and abstract)**

FDA. 2014. Approved animal products online. <http://www.fda.gov/AnimalVeterinary/Products/ApprovedAnimalProducts/default.htm>.

Accessed 3 February 2015. **(Electronic publication /Internet citation)**

Hartadi, H., S. Reksohadiprojo, and A. D. Tillman. 2005. Tabel Komposisi Pakan untuk Indonesia. Gadjah Mada University Press, Yogyakarta. **(Standard Books)**

NRC. 2000. Nutrient Requirements of Beef Cattle. 7<sup>th</sup> revised edn. National Academic Press, Washington. **(Standard Books)**

Robinson, P. H., E. K. Okine, and J. J. Kennelly. 1992. Measurements of protein digestion in ruminant. In: Modern Method in Protein Nutrition and Metabolism. S. Niesson (ed). Academic Press, San Diego, pp. 121-127. **(Books and articles with edited books)**

1 Scaglia, G. and H. T. Boland. 2014. The effect of bermudagrass hybrid on forage  
2 characteristics, animal performance, and grazing behavior of beef steers. J. Anim. Sci.  
3 92: 1228-1238. **(Journal articles and abstract)**  
4

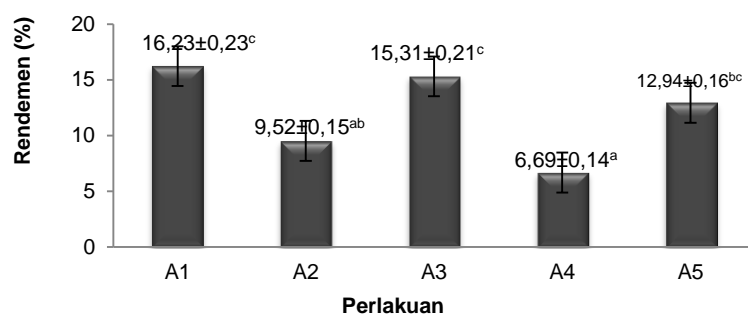
Tabel 1. *Feed conversion*

Umur (minggu) ( <i>age (week)</i> )	P1	P2	P3	P4
9-10*	3,27 <sup>a</sup>	3,14 <sup>a</sup>	2,24 <sup>b</sup>	2,14 <sup>b</sup>
10-11**	3,48 <sup>a</sup>	3,77 <sup>a</sup>	2,92 <sup>ab</sup>	2,57 <sup>b</sup>
11-12*	4,39 <sup>a</sup>	4,08 <sup>a</sup>	2,96 <sup>b</sup>	3,01 <sup>b</sup>
9-12**	3,64 <sup>a</sup>	3,57 <sup>a</sup>	2,66 <sup>b</sup>	2,50 <sup>b</sup>

P1: dietary protein with 21.13%, P2: dietary protein with 18.71%, P3: dietary protein with 16.58%, P4: dietary protein with 14.79%.

<sup>a,b</sup> Different superscripts at the same row indicate significant differences ( $P < 0.05$ ) and highly significant ( $P < 0.01$ ).

\* significant different, \*\* highly significant different.



Gambar 1. *The mean of low-fat white cheese yield with a variety of modified milk.*  
<sup>a,b,c</sup> the different letters in diagram show the significant difference ( $P < 0.05$ ).